

# CS3100 Paradigms of Programming

Fall 2019

## Who am I

- Your Instructor: KC Sivaramakrishnan
- I go by "KC"

## Single instruction programming language

```
subleq a, b, c    ; Mem[b] = Mem[b] - Mem[a]
                  ; if (Mem[b] ≤ 0) goto c
```

If the branch target is the next instruction, then drop the third argument.

```
subleq a, b
```

is equivalent to

```
subleq a, b, L1
L1: ...
```

## What does this program do?

```
subleq a, Z
subleq Z, b
subleq Z, Z
```

**Answer:**  $\text{Mem}[b] = \text{Mem}[a] + \text{Mem}[b]$

## What does this program do?

```
subleq b, b
subleq a, z
subleq z, b
subleq z, z
```

**Answer:** Mem[b] = Mem[a]

## In fact, this one instruction PL is as powerful as every PL.

- But good luck writing quicksort in this PL
- ..or Swiggy.
- ..or Grand Theft Auto V.

The `subleq` instruction is from [One Instruction Set Computer](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/One_instruction_set_computer) ([https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/One\\_instruction\\_set\\_computer](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/One_instruction_set_computer)). If you thought such a machine is hypothetical, think again. It has been shown that the `x86 mov` instruction is [turing complete](https://esolangs.org/wiki/Mov) (<https://esolangs.org/wiki/Mov>) and is as powerful as every programming language.

## So why study programming languages?

- Analogy -- studying a foreign language
- Learn about another culture; incorporate aspects into your own life
- Shed preconceptions and prejudices about others
- Understand your native language better



## The Goal of CS3100

## Become a better programmer

through the study of

**programming languages**

**Java is to Programming Languages**

as

**Japanese is to Linguistics**

**Programming Languages:** Language design, implementation, semantics, compilers, interpreters, runtime systems, programming methodology, testing, verification, security, reliability ...

Adjacent to **Software Engineering** in the CS family tree.

### Linguistic Relativity

The principle of linguistic relativity holds that the structure of a language affects its speakers world view or cognition.

Or more simply:

Programming Language shapes Programming Thought.

Language affects how ideas and computation are expressed.

**Alan J. Perlis**



**"A language that doesn't affect the way you think about programming is not worth knowing"**

First recipient of the Turing Award for his “influence in the area of advanced programming techniques and compiler construction”

## **New languages come (and go ..)**

There was no

- Java 25 years ago
- C# 20 years ago
- Rust 10 years ago
- WebAssembly 2 years ago

## **What is CS3100 about?**

- Concepts in programming languages
- Programming paradigms
- Language design and implementation

## **Goal: Learn the Anatomy of PL**

- What makes a programming language?
- Which features are *fundamental* and which are *syntactic sugar*?

## **Goal: Learn New Languages / Constructs**

New ways to *describe* and *organize* computation, to create programs that are:

- Correct
- Readable
- Extendable
- Reusable

## Goal: How to Design new Languages

New hot languages being designed in industry as we speak:

- Flow, React @ Facebook
- Rust @ Mozilla
- TypeScript @ Microsoft
- Swift @ Apple
- WebAssembly @ Google + Mozilla + Microsoft

## Goal: How to Design new Languages

Buried in every large system is a (domain-specific) language

- DB: SQL
- Word, Excel: Formulas, Macros, VBScript
- Emacs: LISP
- Latex, shell scripts, makefiles, ...
- All the smart contract languages on *Blockchains*.

If you work on a large system, you **will** design a new PL!

## Goal: Enable You To Choose Right PL

But isn't that decided by

- Libraries
- Standards
- Hiring
- Your Boss?!

**My goal:** Educate tomorrow's leaders so you'll make **informed** choices.

## Course Syllabus

- **Functional Programming:** OCaml & Lambda Calculus
- **Logic Programming:** Prolog
- **Concurrent Programming:** (in) OCaml

## Course Logistics

### Course website

- [http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100\\_f19](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19) ([http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100\\_f19](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19))
- Schedule, Lecture Notes, Assignments, etc.
- Look at the [schedule](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/schedule/) ([http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100\\_f19/schedule/](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/schedule/)) to know if the class is on.

### Lectures

- Delivered through interactive Jupyter notebooks.
- Instruction for setting up available on [course website](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/) ([http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100\\_f19/resources/](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/)).
- **Highly recommend that you practice in the notebooks**

## Grading

- 6 Assignments =  $6 * 5\% = 30\%$
- 2 Quizzes =  $2 * 15\% = 30\%$
- End Sem = 40%

## Software

- We will use OCaml and Prolog in this course. The installation information is available in the [course webpage](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/) ([http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100\\_f19/resources/](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/)).
- Docker image is available for lectures in Jupyter notebooks.
  - Get familiar with basic Docker commands. It is likely that you will use them in the future.
- Get a local installation of OCaml on your machine ([instructions](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/) ([http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100\\_f19/resources/](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/))).
  - Get familiar with `utop` (a great top-level for OCaml),
  - `merlin` (IDE server for OCaml that works with vim, emacs, vscode, sublime)
  - `dune` (a build tool for OCaml).

## **Tutorial on Git, Docker, Jupyter**

Anmol Sahoo (Research Associate in my group) will give a tutorial on the tools this

**Friday 2nd August 13:00 to 13:50 (C slot).**

***Fin.***