

CS3100 Paradigms of Programming

Fall 2019

Who am I

- Your Instructor: KC Sivaramakrishnan
- I go by "KC"

Single instruction programming language

```
subleq a, b, c    ; Mem[b] = Mem[b] - Mem[a]
                  ; if (Mem[b] ≤ 0) goto c
```

If the branch target is the next instruction, then drop the third argument.

```
subleq a, b
```

is equivalent to

```
subleq a, b, L1
L1: ...
```

What does this program do?

```
subleq a, Z
subleq Z, b
subleq Z, Z
```

Answer: $\text{Mem}[b] = \text{Mem}[a] + \text{Mem}[b]$

What does this program do?

```
subleq b, b
subleq a, z
subleq z, b
subleq z, z
```

Answer: Mem[b] = Mem[a]

In fact, this one instruction PL is as powerful as every PL.

- But good luck writing quicksort in this PL
- ..or Swiggy.
- ..or Grand Theft Auto V.

The `subleq` instruction is from [One Instruction Set Computer](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/One_instruction_set_computer) (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/One_instruction_set_computer). If you thought such a machine is hypothetical, think again. It has been shown that the `x86 mov` instruction is [turing complete](https://esolangs.org/wiki/Mov) (<https://esolangs.org/wiki/Mov>) and is as powerful as every programming language.

So why study programming languages?

- Analogy -- studying a foreign language
- Learn about another culture; incorporate aspects into your own life
- Shed preconceptions and prejudices about others
- Understand your native language better



The Goal of CS3100

Become a better programmer

through the study of

programming languages

Java is to Programming Languages

as

Japanese is to Linguistics

Programming Languages: Language design, implementation, semantics, compilers, interpreters, runtime systems, programming methodology, testing, verification, security, reliability ...

Adjacent to **Software Engineering** in the CS family tree.

Linguistic Relativity

The principle of linguistic relativity holds that the structure of a language affects its speakers world view or cognition.

Or more simply:

Programming Language shapes Programming Thought.

Language affects how ideas and computation are expressed.

Alan J. Perlis



"A language that doesn't affect the way you think about programming is not worth knowing"

First recipient of the Turing Award for his “influence in the area of advanced programming techniques and compiler construction”

New languages come (and go ..)

There was no

- Java 25 years ago
- C# 20 years ago
- Rust 10 years ago
- WebAssembly 2 years ago

What is CS3100 about?

- Concepts in programming languages
- Programming paradigms
- Language design and implementation

Goal: Learn the Anatomy of PL

- What makes a programming language?
- Which features are *fundamental* and which are *syntactic sugar*?

Goal: Learn New Languages / Constructs

New ways to *describe* and *organize* computation, to create programs that are:

- Correct
- Readable
- Extendable
- Reusable

Goal: How to Design new Languages

New hot languages being designed in industry as we speak:

- Flow, React @ Facebook
- Rust @ Mozilla
- TypeScript @ Microsoft
- Swift @ Apple
- WebAssembly @ Google + Mozilla + Microsoft

Goal: How to Design new Languages

Buried in every large system is a (domain-specific) language

- DB: SQL
- Word, Excel: Formulas, Macros, VBScript
- Emacs: LISP
- Latex, shell scripts, makefiles, ...
- All the smart contract languages on *Blockchains*.

If you work on a large system, you **will** design a new PL!

Goal: Enable You To Choose Right PL

But isn't that decided by

- Libraries
- Standards
- Hiring
- Your Boss?!

My goal: Educate tomorrow's leaders so you'll make **informed** choices.

Course Syllabus

- **Functional Programming:** OCaml & Lambda Calculus
- **Logic Programming:** Prolog
- **Concurrent Programming:** (in) OCaml

Course Logistics

Course website

- http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19 (http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19)
- Schedule, Lecture Notes, Assignments, etc.
- Look at the [schedule](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/schedule/) (http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/schedule/) to know if the class is on.

Lectures

- Delivered through interactive Jupyter notebooks.
- Instruction for setting up available on [course website](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/) (http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/).
- **Highly recommend that you practice in the notebooks**

Grading

- 6 Assignments = $6 * 5\% = 30\%$
- 2 Quizzes = $2 * 15\% = 30\%$
- End Sem = 40%

Software

- We will use OCaml and Prolog in this course. The installation information is available in the [course webpage](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/) (http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/).
- Docker image is available for lectures in Jupyter notebooks.
 - Get familiar with basic Docker commands. It is likely that you will use them in the future.
- Get a local installation of OCaml on your machine ([instructions](http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/) (http://kcsr.k.info/cs3100_f19/resources/)).
 - Get familiar with `utop` (a great top-level for OCaml),
 - `merlin` (IDE server for OCaml that works with vim, emacs, vscode, sublime)
 - `dune` (a build tool for OCaml).

Tutorial on Git, Docker, Jupyter

Anmol Sahoo (Research Associate in my group) will give a tutorial on the tools this

Friday 2nd August 13:00 to 13:50 (C slot).

Fin.